AND TA

Operating Engineers

Local 49

Topcon Pocket 3D – 15.5+ Code

Field Reference Guide
2025



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Topcon File Extensions

- .GC3 Localization (Site Calibration only contains localization points)
- .TN3 Triangulated Irregular Network (Created from points from a topography)
- .PL3 Plane file (Used for grading like a laser surface; can be flat or sloped)
- .RD3 Alignment (Polyline that represents horizontal and vertical elements of a feature has cross section data)
- .LN3 Linework (Polyline a series of individual lines or curves that make up one continuous line; can be 2D or 3D)
- .PT3 Points file (Contains all individual points data for the project)
- .TP3 Can contain all individual file types listed above (Localization, line work, control, surface, etc.)
- .MX3 Machine builder file for 1 GPS system for multiple machines

Common File Types

- .csv = Common Control Point file (comma separated values)
- .txt = Point/Control Point file
- P, N, E, Z, D = common Control Point output format (P-Point Number, N-Northing, E-Easting, Z-Elevation, D-Description)
- .cal = In Progress Calibration
- .xml = Autocad file type, that can contain; Linework, points, surfaces, alignments

Understanding Localizations

Site Localizations are the most important step when using GPS Equipment (Machines & Rovers) and tying into specific coordinate systems. They should be performed as precisely as possible. Skipping or rushing steps can cause unforced errors which can lead to rework and/or bad outputs.

There are two types of Localizations described in this Reference Guide: Base Station or VRS Network Localizations.

<u>Base Station</u> – If you create a new Site and Localize with a Base Station, complete it within specified tolerances, it cannot be resumed or adjusted once accepted, unless you create a new Site and start all over again.

Also, you cannot connect your Rover with the VRS Network on this Project IF Localized with a Base Station.

<u>VRS Network</u> – If you create a new Site for VRS Network Localization, complete it within specified tolerances, it also cannot be resumed or adjusted once accepted, unless you create a new Site and start all over again.

If you were to set a Base post/pole in the ground and measure a Control Point for a Base Station while in VRS, that Site can be utilized by either a Base Station or VRS Network.

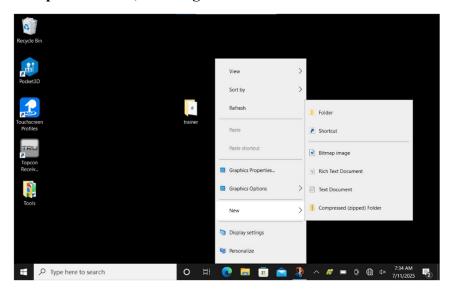
<u>Example Scenario</u> – If a Job Site was localized with a Base Station, once projects are completed and finalized, the Base Station post/pole are also removed. 6 months down the road, if rework needs to be done on that job site with GPS Machines and/or Rovers, another Site Localization would need to be performed.

If that same Project were Localized with VRS Network initially, we could show up, connect your Rover via VRS Network and be ready to work within minutes. If GPS Machines were needed, a Base post/pole could be set, a Control Point could be measured onto the post/pole while connected via VRS, a Base Station could be set up and programmed to that Control Point, to send corrections out to GPS Machines & Rovers.

Site File Locations on Windows Devices

All .TP3 and other file types (.gff, .mx3, .fd3, etc.) are stored on your Data Collectors Local Disk (C:) drive. Create a Desktop Shortcut to quickly and easily locate your files:

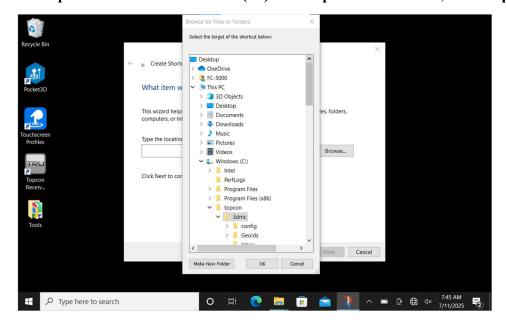
From the Desktop Main Screen, about in the middle of your data collector screen, press and hold down for approximately 2 seconds and release. On the pop-up, Tap "New", then Tap "Shortcut", see image below



Create Shortcut page opens, Tap "Browse..."

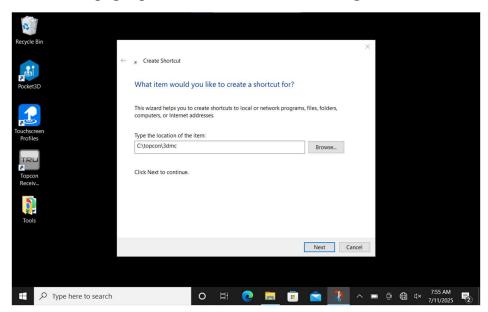
Browse for Files or Folders page opens:

Tap "This PC" → "Windows (C:)" → "topcon" → "3dmc", then Tap "OK"



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Create Shortcut page opens, confirm info matches image below:



Tap "Next". On the next pop-up, Type a name for the new folder or leave the default name of "3dmc", Tap "Finish"

A new folder should appear on the desktop. Double Tap the folder to open and access all your files quickly.

Understanding Layers

Layers help keep things organized in the field. There are an infinite number of layers that a Site (.TP3) file can have. Keeping things organized from the start to the end of project by utilizing unique and specific layers, will save a lot of headaches and possible rework. Points can be added to any layer after they have been created.

Start with a layer naming convention. An example of this could be to name them by "Site-Task-Date". Here are some of the many field examples:

Before construction activities commence on the Bear Creek Site, utility locates are called in. Some companies require their field crews to store points on the locating companies marks before they start construction activities. An example layer name could be "Bear Creek EX Utilities 07092025".

Before, during & after construction activities have started, the project manager from your Company may request a Field Topo of the Site for material tracking purposes. Creating a new layer, named specific to the task, will help keep things organized. Example layer name could be "Bear Creek Topo 07112025"

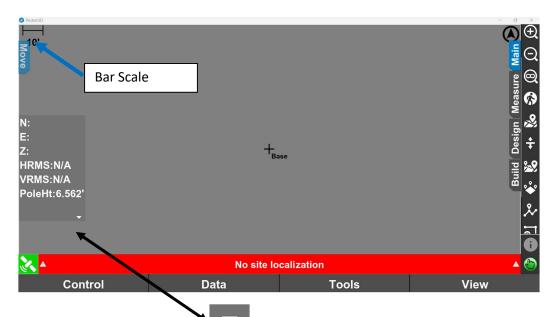
When Sites are completed or after an object has been set to its permanent location, grade or elevation, your contractor may want its As-Built location stored. Creating a new layer that contains As-Built points will make future documentation easier. Example layer name could be "Bear Creek As-Built-08092025"

Recommended Layer Settings

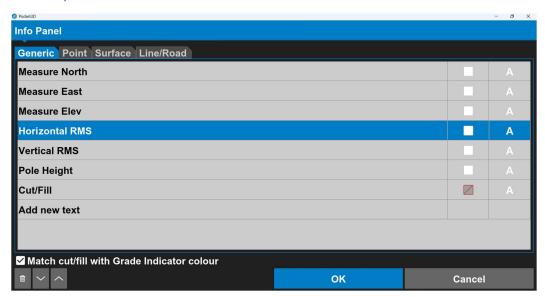
Go to "Data" → "Layers". Tap a Layer to highlight in Blue, then Tap "Edit"

Under Points, check: "Show point names", "Show point descriptions", "Show point descriptions". You can also change unique Symbol for the points created or stored for that Layer. When finished, Tap "OK". Do this for all Layers in the list and for all new Layers that are created. If you want to turn off specific Layers, do so by "checking" or "unchecking" the Show option for each Layer to declutter the Main Screen. This is recommended for new users to save future confusion.

Main Screen Info Panel Customization

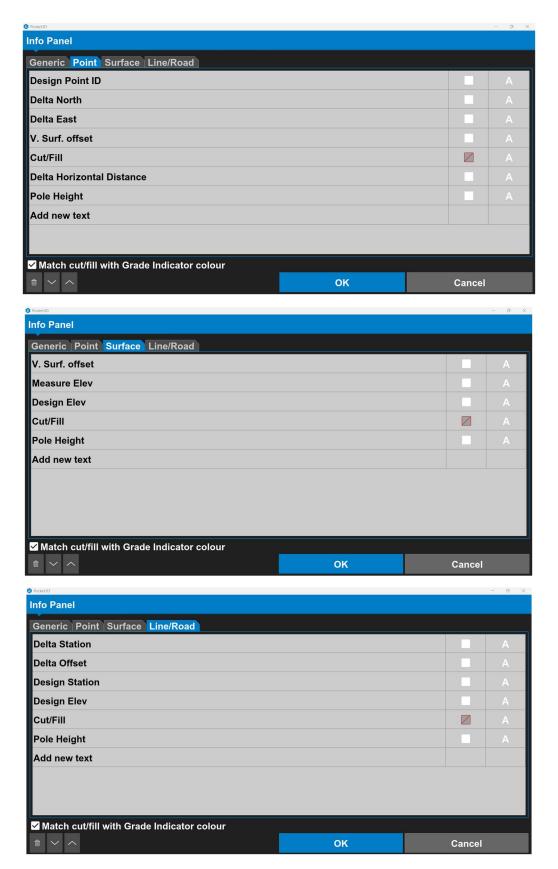


To customize the Info Bar, Tap the Images below are suggested configuration for each of the 4 Tabs (Generic, Point, Surface, and Line/Road)



Tap on the Text items to Blue Highlight (currently Horziontal RMS is selected). You can then use the arrows in the bottom left-hand corner to move the selected Text up or down on the list.

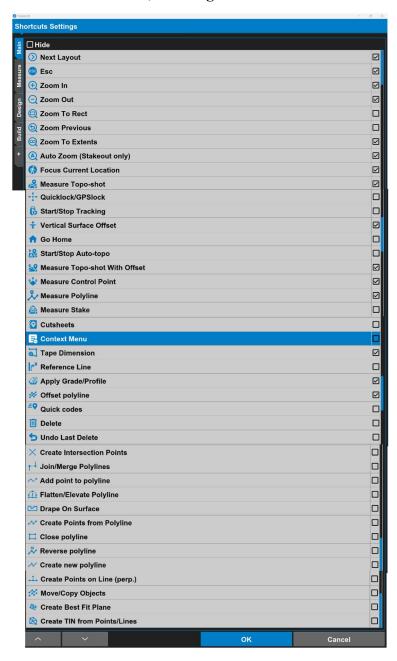
You can remove text items by selecting them, then Tap



Tap "OK" when finished

Main Screen Shortcut Settings Customization

- 1. Tap "View" → "Display Options" → "Shortcuts"
- 2. Make sure you have the correct Tab Highlighted (Main, Measure, Design or Build)
- 3. To Add a shortcut to the Highlighted Tab, "Check" the box to the right side of the shortcut, "Uncheck" to remove, see image below of available shortcuts



4. To Raise or Lower a shortcut, Tap a shortcut (it turns blue), then use the arrows in the bottom right-hand corner to raise or lower. Tap "OK" when finished.

Importing Files into a Site

Never Import a .TP3 file into another .TP3 file. If the files to be Imported or Exported are on a USB jump drive, HAVE the USB jump drive inserted into the Data Collector.

Be in the correct Site that you want to either Import or Export from

- 1. To import Project or .TP3 file, from the main screen:
 - a. Tap "Data" → "Import/Export" → "Import"
 - b. Import page opens, confirm:
 - i. Import Project / Multiple Data
 - ii. From choose either:
 - 1. Topcon Project (*.tp3)
 - 2. AutoCAD Drawing (*.dwg)
 - 3. AutoCAD DXF (*.dxf)
 - 4. LandXML (*.xml)
 - iii. Folder you can choose where the file is located by choosing:
 - 1. Internal Storage
 - i. In the bottom half of the screen, Tap the file to import, Tap "Next"
 - 2. Downloads
 - i. Tap ____, on the far right of Folder
 - ii. On the pop up, browse to the file to be imported
 - iii. Once located, Double Tap the file.
 - iv. Import page opens, Tap "Next"
 - 3. USB Storage: D:/
 - i. If the files to be imported are on the ROOT of the USB jump drive, Tap on the file to be imported, Tap "Next"
 - ii. IF the files to be Imported are not on the ROOT of the

USB jump drive, Tap ____ to the far right of Folder

- i. On the pop up, browse to the file to be imported
- ii. Once located, Double Tap the file.
- iii. Import page opens, Tap "Next"
- c. Import Project page opens, choose either:
 - i. Entire Project Option:
 - 1. Tap "Next"
 - 2. A pop up asks, if you want ALL items from the selected projects into your existing project, Tap either:
 - i. "OK" (Never Import a TP3 into another TP3), OR
 - ii. "Cancel"

- ii. Select Items Option:
 - 1. Surfaces page opens (only appears if the imported file has a Surface)
 - i. If you want to Import a Surface(s) from the list below, Tap on the Surface(s) you want to import, Tap "Next"
 - ii. If you do not want to Import a Surface, Tap "Next"
 - 2. Lineworks page opens (only appears if the imported file has Linework)
 - i. You can choose one of the following options:
 - i. None → Tap "Next" (no linework will import)
 - ii. All Linework
 - a. Below, either select Check or Uncheck "Add to Layer". If selected, choose which Layer and all imported layers will be added to that selected Layer
 - b. Tap "Next"
 - iii. By Layer
 - a. Choose the Layer to Import
 - b. Below, either select Check or Uncheck "Add to Layer". If selected, choose which Layer and all imported lineworks will be added to that selected Layer
 - c. Tap "Next"
 - 3. Points page opens (only appears if the imported file has Points)
 - i. You can choose one of the following options:
 - i. None \rightarrow Tap "Next (no points will import)
 - ii. All Points → Tap "Next" (all points will import)
 - iii. By Layer → choose the Layer → Tap "Next" (only points on that layer will be imported)
 - 4. Localization page opens (only appears if the imported file has been localized)
 - i. Select if you want to copy the imported files Localization or leave unselected if you don't want the Localization
 - ii. Tap "Next"
 - 5. Import Summary page opens, all Files that were selected will now are shown, Tap "Import"
 - 6. On the pop-up, a summary of imported items appears, Tap "OK"
- 2. To Import a Localization file into a .TP3
 - a. Go to "Data" → "Import/Export" → "Import"
 - b. The Import page opens, confirm:
 - i. Import Localization
 - ii. From Choose Either:

- 1. Topcon Project (*.tp3)
- 2. Topcon Localization (*.gc3)
- iii. Folder you can choose where the file is located by choosing:
 - 1. Internal Storage
 - i. In the bottom half of the screen, Tap the file to import, Tap "Next" and Go to Step 4 below
 - 2. Downloads
 - i. Tap, on the far right of Folder
 - ii. On the pop up, browse to the file to be imported
 - iii. Once located, double tap the file.
 - iv. Import page opens, Tap "Next" and Go to Step 4 below
 - 3. USB Storage: D:/
 - i. If the files to be imported are on the ROOT of the USB jump drive, select the file to be imported, Tap "Next"
 - ii. IF the files to be Imported are not on the ROOT of the

USB jump drive, Tap ____ to the far right of Folder

- iii. On the pop up, browse to the file to be imported
- iv. Once located, double tap the file.
- v. Import page opens, Tap "Next" and Go to Step 4 below
- 4. Import Localization page opens, "check" the box for "Entire Localization, Control Points, mmGPS Transmitter data"
 - i. If the current project already contains a Localization file, this will overwrite the existing localization.
 - ii. Tap "Next" to continue
- 5. Import Summary page opens, listing the information to Import into the current Project.
 - i. Tap "Import" to continue
 - ii. A pop-up box appears, confirming what was imported
 - i. Tap "OK" to continue

3. To Import Control Points file into a Project or .TP3

- a. Go to "Data" → "Import/Export" → "Import"
- b. The Import page opens, confirm:
 - i. Import Control Points Only
 - ii. From Choose one of the following options
 - 1. Topcon Project (*.tp3)
 - 2. Topcon Localization (*.gc3)
 - 3. Topcon Point (*.pt3)
 - 4. CSV ID,E,N,Elev,Codes (*.CSV)
 - 5. CSV ID,E,N,Elev (.CSV)
 - 6. CSV (*.CSV)
 - 7. P,N,E,Z,D (*.CSV)
 - 8. SL AS-build Height Map E,N,Z,Desc (*.XYZ)

- 9. SL AS-build Height Map E,N,Z (*.XYZ)
- 10. Topcon Text ID,E,N,Elev,Desc CSV (*.CSV)
- 11. Topcon Text ID,N,E,Elev,Desc TXT (*.TXT)
- 12. TXT (*.TXT)
- iii. Folder you can choose where the file is located by choosing:
 - 1. Internal Storage
 - i. In the bottom half of the screen, Tap the file to import, Tap "Next" and Go to Step 4 below
 - 2. Downloads
 - i. Tap, on the far right of Folder
 - ii. On the pop up, browse to the file to be imported
 - iii. Once located, double tap the file.
 - iv. Import page opens, Tap "Next" and Go to Step 4 below
 - 3. USB Storage: D:/
 - i. If the files to be imported are on the ROOT of the USB jump drive, select the file to be imported, Tap "Next"
 - ii. IF the files to be Imported are not on the ROOT of the

USB jump drive, Tap ____ to the far right of Folder

- iii. On the pop up, browse to the file to be imported
- iv. Once located, double tap the file.
- v. Import page opens, Tap "Next" and Go to Step 4 below
- 4. Import Control Points page opens, displaying a list of all the Control Points to be imported
 - i. You need to Tap on the points you want imported and they turn blue. Only the points in "Blue" will be imported
 - ii. Tap "Next" to continue
- 5. Import Summary page opens, listing the information to Import into the current Project.
 - i. Tap "Import" to continue
 - ii. A pop-up box appears, confirming what was imported i. Tap "OK" to continue
- 4. To Import Lineworks file into a Project or .TP3
 - a. Go to "Data" → "Import/Export" → "Import"
 - b. The Import page opens, confirm:
 - i. Import Lineworks
 - ii. From Choose one of the following options
 - 1. Topcon Project (*.tp3)
 - 2. Topcon Lines (*.ln3)
 - 3. AutoCAD Drawing (*.dwg)
 - 4. AutoCAD DXF (*.dwf)
 - 5. LandXML (*.xml)

- iii. Folder you can choose where the file is located by choosing:
 - 1. Internal Storage
 - i. In the bottom half of the screen, Tap the file to import, Tap "Next" and Go to Step 4 below
 - 2. Downloads
 - i. Tap, on the far right of Folder
 - ii. On the pop up, browse to the file to be imported
 - iii. Once located, double tap the file.
 - iv. Import page opens, Tap "Next" and Go to Step 4 below
 - 3. USB Storage: D:/
 - i. If the files to be imported are on the ROOT of the USB jump drive, select the file to be imported, Tap "Next"
 - ii. IF the files to be Imported are not on the ROOT of the

USB jump drive, Tap to the far right of Folder

- iii. On the pop up, browse to the file to be imported
- iv. Once located, double tap the file.
- v. Import page opens, Tap "Next" and Go to Step 4 below
- 4. Import Lineworks page opens, choose either:
 - i. All imports all linework into Project
 - ii. By Layer only allows you to import one layer at a time
 - iii. Add to Layer whichever option you choose above, you can choose to have the imported Linework to be stored on a specific layer by checking the box and then selecting a layer or creating a new layer.
 - iv. Tap "Next" to continue
- 5. Import Summary page opens, listing the information to Import into the current Project.
 - i. You can "Check" the replace all lines in layer with same name option in bottom left-hand corner.
 - ii. Tap "Import" to continue
 - iii. A pop-up box appears, confirming what was imported
 - i. Tap "OK" to continue

5. To Import a Points file into a Project or .TP3

- a. Go to "Data" → "Import/Export" → "Import"
- b. The Import page opens, confirm:
 - i. Import Points
 - ii. From Choose one of the following options
 - 1. Topcon Project (*.tp3)
 - 2. Topcon Points (*.pt3)
 - 3. AutoCAD Drawing (*.dwg)
 - 4. AutoCAD DXF (*.dxf)
 - 5. LandXML (*.xml)

- 6. CSV ID,E,N,Elev,Codes (*.CSV)
- 7. CSV ID,E,N,Elev (*.CSV)
- 8. CSV (*.CSV)
- 9. P,N,E,Z,D (*.CSV)
- 10. SL AS-build Height Map E,N,Z,Desc (*.XYZ)
- 11. SL AS-build Height Map E,N,Z (*.XYZ)
- 12. Topcon Text ID,E,N,Elev,Desc CSV (*.CSV)
- 13. Topcon Text ID,N,E,Elev,Desc TXT (*.TXT)
- 14. TXT (*.TXT)
- iii. Folder you can choose where the file is located by choosing:
 - 1. Internal Storage
 - i. In the bottom half of the screen, Tap the file to import, Tap "Next" and Go to Step 4 below
 - 2. Downloads
 - i. Tap, on the far right of Folder
 - ii. On the pop up, browse to the file to be imported
 - iii. Once located, double tap the file.
 - iv. Import page opens, Tap "Next" and Go to Step 4 below
 - 3. USB Storage: D:/
 - i. If the files to be imported are on the ROOT of the USB jump drive, select the file to be imported, Tap "Next"
 - ii. IF the files to be Imported are not on the ROOT of the

USB jump drive, Tap ____ to the far right of Folder

- iii. On the pop up, browse to the file to be imported
- iv. Once located, double click the file.
- v. Import page opens, Tap "Next" and Go to Step 4 below
- 4. Import Points page opens, choose either:
 - i. All imports all points into Project
 - ii. By Layer only allows you to import one layer at a time
 - iii. Select from List... you need to Tap on the points you want imported and they turn blue. Only the points in "Blue" will be imported
 - iv. Tap "Next" to continue
- 5. Import Points page opens, confirm:
 - i. "Check" Add to layer if you want the imported points to go to a specific layer, then choose or create the layer.
 - i. If left unchecked, they will be stored on the same layer as the source
 - ii. "Check" Rename point IDs if you want to renumber the points from source numbering.
 - i. If left unchecked, they will have the same numbers as the source numbering

- iii. "Check" Add description if you want to change all imported points description to a unique name.
 - i. If left unchecked, the descriptions from the source will remain.
- iv. Tap "Next" to continue
- 6. Import Summary page opens, listing the information to Import into the current Project.
 - i. You can "Check" the replace all points in layer with same name option in bottom left-hand corner.
 - ii. Tap "Import" to continue
 - iii. A pop-up box appears, confirming what was imported
 - i. Tap "OK" to continue

6. To Import Surfaces file into a Project or .TP3

- a. Go to "Data" → "Import/Export" → "Import"
- b. The Import page opens, confirm:
 - i. Import TIN & Plane Surfaces
 - ii. From Choose one of the following options
 - 1. Topcon Project (*.tp3)
 - 2. Topcon TIN Surfaces (*.tn3)
 - 3. Topcon Plane Surfaces (*.pl3)
 - 4. AutoCAD Drawing (*.dwg)
 - 5. AutoCAD DXF (*.dxf)
 - 6. LandXML (*.xml)
 - iii. Folder you can choose where the file is located by choosing:
 - 1. Internal Storage
 - i. In the bottom half of the screen, Tap the file to import, Tap "Next" and Go to Step 4 below
 - 2. Downloads
 - i. Tap, on the far right of Folder
 - ii. On the pop up, browse to the file to be imported
 - iii. Once located, double tap the file.
 - iv. Import page opens, Tap "Next" and Go to Step 4 below
 - 3. USB Storage: D:/
 - i. If the files to be imported are on the ROOT of the USB jump drive, select the file to be imported, Tap "Next"
 - ii. IF the files to be Imported are not on the ROOT of the
 - USB jump drive, Tap ... to the far right of Folder
 - iii. On the pop up, browse to the file to be imported
 - iv. Once located, double tap the file.
 - v. Import page opens, Tap "Next" and Go to Step 4 below
 - 4. Import Surfaces page opens, choose either:
 - i. Tap on the Surface and it will turn "Blue"

- ii. Tap "Next" to continue
- 5. Import Summary page opens, listing the information to Import into the current Project.
 - i. Tap "Import" to continue
 - ii. A pop-up box appears, asking if you want to set the imported surface as the active surface?
 - i. Tap "Yes" to set, OR
 - ii. Tap "No"

Exporting Files from a Site

1. To export a Site files to a .TP3 file

- a. Go to "Data" → "Import/Export" → "Export"
- b. The export page opens, confirm:
 - i. Export Project / Multiple Data
 - ii. To TP3 File
 - iii. Check either:
 - 1. Entire Project sends everything. Tap "Next"
 - a. Export Summary page opens, the summary lists the files to be exported
 - b. Near the bottom, check these settings
 - c. Folder choose either:
 - i. Internal Storage
 - 1. You can change the File Name or leave as is, Tap "Export"
 - ii. Downloads
 - 1. You can change the File Name or leave as is, Tap "Export"
 - iii. USB Storage: D:/
 - 1. You can change the File Name or leave as is, Tap "Export"
 - 2. Select Items exports only selected information, Tap "Next"
 - a. Export Surfaces page opens, if your Project has Surfaces
 - i. Tap on the Surface or Surfaces to turn Blue
 - ii. Only the Blue highlighted files will be exported
 - iii. Tap "Next"
 - b. Export Lineworks page opens, if your Project has lineworks. Choose either:
 - i. None will not export any lineworks, Tap "Next' and proceed to Step c below
 - ii. All Lines to export all lineworks, Tap "Next" and proceed to Step c below
 - iii. By Layer to only export lineworks on a specific layer, Tap "Next" and proceed to Step c below
 - iv. Select From List Tap "Next"
 - 1. Export Lineworks page opens, Tap on the lineworks files you want to export. Only the Blue highlighted files will be exported
 - 2. Tap "Next"

- c. Export Points page opens, if your Project has points. Choose either:
 - i. None will not export any points, "Tap "Next" and proceed to Step d below
 - ii. All Points to export all points. Tap "Next" and proceed to Step d below
 - iii. By Layer to only export points on a specific layer, Tap "Next" and proceed to Step d below
 - iv. Select From List Tap "Next"
 - 1. Export Points page opens; Tap on the points files you want to export. Only the Blue highlighted files will be exported
 - 2. Tap "Next"
- d. Export Localization page opens, if your Project has a Localization.
 - i. Check the box if you want to export the Localization or leave it unchecked to not export it, Tap "Next"
- 3. Export Summary page opens giving you a summary of the files that will be exported out of the current Project.
 - a. Folder choose either:
 - i. Internal Storage
 - 1. You can change the File Name or leave as is, Tap "Export"
 - ii. Downloads
 - 1. You can change the File Name or leave as is, Tap "Export"
 - iii. USB Storage: D:/
 - 1. You can change the File Name or leave as is, Tap "Export"

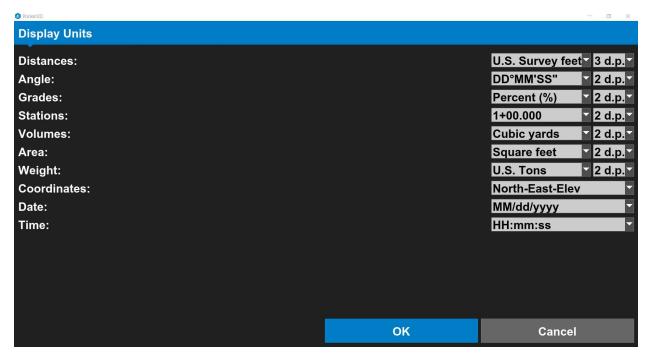
Creating a New Site

- 1. If creating a new project:
 - a. If you want to duplicate information from an existing Site, make sure that Site is currently active before continuing.
- 2. Open Pocket 3D and tap "Data" \rightarrow "Sites", the Sites screen page opens:



- a. Tap "Add"
- b. Add Site page opens;
 - i. Check "New Local Site", Tap "Next"
 - ii. Add New Local Site page opens:
 - 1. Enter a name for a New Local Site, Tap "OK"
 - 2. "Localization" check box (points, mmGPS, etc.):
 - a. Most of the time for a New Local Site, you will want to leave this box unchecked
 - b. If you are duplicating it from the current Active Site, then you should check this box.
 - 3. "Layers" check box:
 - a. Most of the time for a New Local Site, you will want to leave this box unchecked
 - b. If you are duplicating it from the current Active Site, then you should check this box.
 - 4. "Quick Codes" check box:
 - a. Most of the time for a New Local Site, you will want to leave this box unchecked

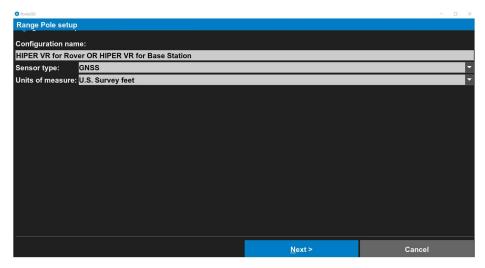
- b. If you are duplicating it from the current Active Site, then you should check this box.
- 5. Tap "Finish"
- 6. A pop up appears, confirming the new site has been successfully added, Tap "OK"
- 7. The Sites page opens, make sure your new Site is highlighted in **Blue**, Tap "OK"
- 8. A pop up appears, confirming that you are changing to a new site, do you want to continue? Tap "Yes" to open the New Site you just created.
- c. Confirm your current project units, go to:
 - i. "View" → "Display Options" → "Display Units"
 - ii. Confirm your settings match the image below:



d. Once confirmed, Tap "OK"

Machine File Creation for Rover & Base Station

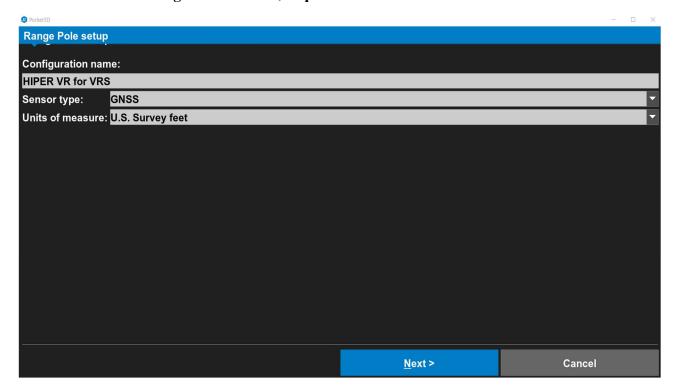
- 1. If using Rovers with Base Station, you need to have a "Machine setup" set up for your Rover and Base Station, to do so, go to:
 - a. Go to "Control" → "Machine setup"
 - b. If no Machine Files are set up, Tap "New"
 - c. Under Configuration name, label the GPS model name, found on bottom of Rover/Base (e.g., HIPER VR for Base Station or Rover), Tap "OK", see below



- d. When settings match below, Tap "Next"
- e. Antenna Setup page opens, confirm:
 - i. Antenna Type from the drop-down arrow on right, select your Antenna Type that is the same as the name on the bottom of Receiver.
 - ii. Antenna Height 6.562' for Rover; 0.000' for Base Station
 - iii. Measured To Base
 - iv. Tap "Next"
- f. Precisions page opens;
 - i. These are the default settings. Either Tap "Next" to accept the defaults OR you can individually change the tolerances, then Tap "Next"
- g. Radio Setup page opens, confirm:
 - i. Radio Type R2 Lite UHF (most common) or choose another type
 - ii. Connected to Modem Port A
 - iii. Baud Rate 115200
 - iv. Format RTCM 3.x
 - v. Base Station -0
 - vi. Make sure Closest is checked
 - vii. Tap "Next"
- h. Connection Setup page opens, confirm:
 - i. Connections Bluetooth (most common) or choose another type
 - ii. Tap "Finish"
- 2. Make sure you have a Machine File for a Base Station & a Rover

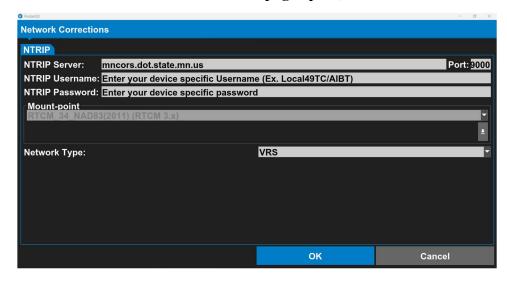
Machine File Creation for VRS

- 1. If using Rover with VRS (Virtual Reference Station):
 - a. To connect to VRS, ensure you have a VRS username and password from MnCORS (it is free, but must apply for it. Will take a few days)
 - i. MnCORS application website: http://mncors.dot.state.mn.us/RegisterAccount.aspx
 - b. Go to "Control" → "Machine setup"
 - c. If no Machine Files are set up, Tap "New"
 - d. Under Configuration name, label it after your GPS model name (found on bottom of Rover/Base) and then "for VRS" (e.g., HiPER VR for VRS).
 - e. When settings match below, Tap "Next"



- f. Antenna Setup page opens, confirm:
 - i. Antenna Type from the drop-down arrow on right, select your Antenna Type that is the same as the name on the bottom of Receiver.
 - ii. Antenna Height 6.562'
 - iii. Measured To Base
 - iv. Tap "Next"
- g. Precisions page opens:
 - i. These are the default settings. Tap "Next" to accept the defaults OR you can individually change the tolerances, then Tap "Next".
- h. Radio Setup page opens, confirm:

- i. Radio Type Direct Network Connection
- ii. Format RTCM 3.x
- iii. Tap "NET"
 - 1. Network Connections page opens, confirm:



- 2. Tap
- 3. Tap on the down arrow to the right of "Mount-point". Highlighted in blue is the typical "Mount-point", see image below



- 4. Tap "OK"
- i. Radio Setup page reappears, Tap "Next"
- j. Connection Setup page opens, confirm:
 - i. Connections Bluetooth (most common) or choose another type
 - 1. **NOTE**: If you want to set the Bluetooth connection for your rover, follow the steps below:
 - a. Power on your Rover and have your data collector with Bluetooth range, Tap "Discover"
 - b. Bluetooth Devices page opens. Tap on your Rover populated in the list, it will turn Blue, then Tap "Select"
 - c. Connection setup page opens, Tap "Finish"
 - ii. Tap "Finish"

Initial Site Localization with Base Station - New Method

To get started, open Pocket 3D and open the applicable Site (created under "Creating a New Site" section). Have the Control points imported or entered in the current Site.

In the new version of Pocket 3D (Version 15.5+), this process has changed significantly from the previous versions of Pocket 3D. We no longer need to create a "TEMP BASE" Control Point with false coordinates and then set the Base Receiver on the temporary base post/tripod with tribrach.

We can now set Permanent Base post in the ground, set the Base Receiver on the post, turn it on and then perform the Site Localization.

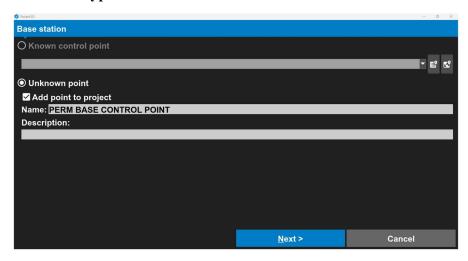
You can still do the Localization the old school way from the previous versions of Pocket3D. The instructions below are for the new school method, which simplifies and eliminates a bunch of unnecessary steps.

- 1. Set the Permanent Base Post in the ground
- 2. Screw your "Base Receiver" onto above mentioned Permanent Post and turn it on, see image below

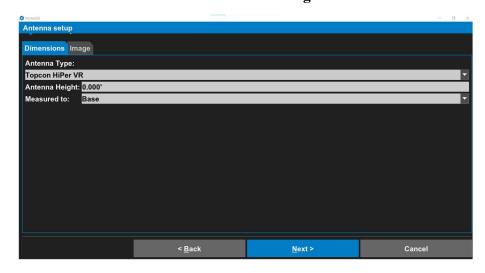


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- 3. Go to "Control" → "GPS Base Station"
 - a. Base Station page opens, confirm the settings
 - If Base receiver is on a "Known control point" select that option, then choose or select the control point being occupied, skip to step 3b, OR
 - ii. If Base receiver is on an "Unknown Control point", select that option
 - iii. Select "Add point to project"
 - iv. Type in a name for the new Control Point

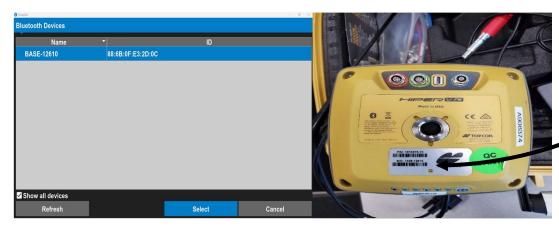


- v. Tap "Next"
- b. Antenna Setup page opens,
 - i. Antenna Type Choose your Receiver type
 - ii. Antenna Height 0.000' is for "Unknown Control Point"
 - 1. If you chose "Known control point" on step 3.a.i. above, enter 0.000 or the specific height above the known control point
 - iii. Measured to Base ---- see image below:

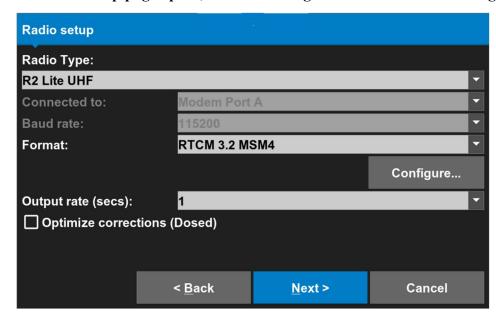


iv. Tap "Next"

- c. Connection setup page opens:
 - i. Connection Bluetooth
 - ii. Tap "Discover"
 - iii. Bluetooth Devices page opens:
 - 1. Make sure "Show all devices" is checked near the bottom left
 - 2. You must be within Bluetooth range with data collector
 - 3. Your device may appear in the list, "Tap" on your device to make it turn BLUE
 - a. Your device name should be "BASE-last 5 digits of S/N"
 - b. If you Device does not appear, Tap "Refresh"
 - c. Then "Tap" on your device to make it turn BLUE; see images below

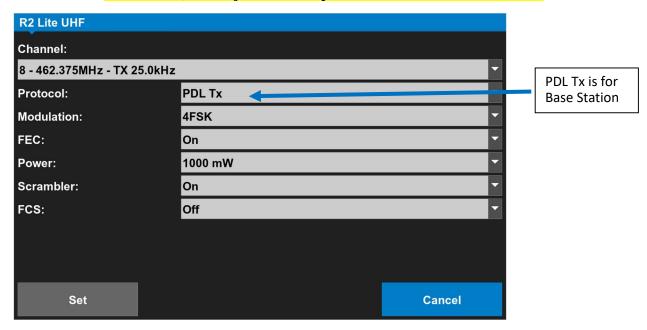


- d. Tap "Select"
- iv. Connection setup page opens again, Tap "Next"
- d. Radio Setup page opens, confirm settings & information from image below:

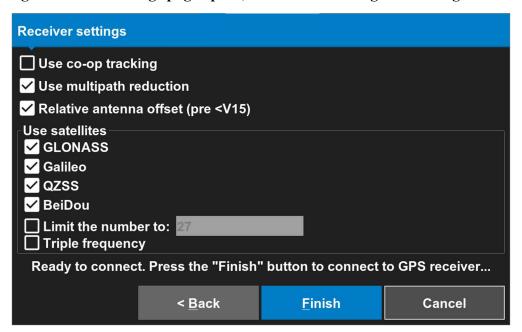


i. Tap "Configure"

- e. R2 Lite UHF page opens, confirm settings match image below:
 - i. Note: you do not have to use Channel 8 462.375MHz TX25.0kHz, this is just an example of a channel that can be used

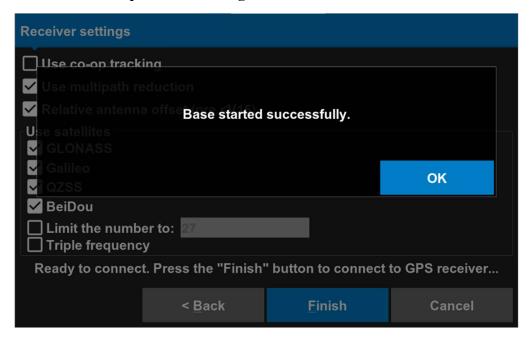


- ii. Take a picture of this screen. This is what "Channel" your Rover and Machines will need to be "Set" to, to receive corrections from the Base
- iii. Tap "Set"
- f. Radio setup page opens, Tap "Next"
- g. Receiver Settings page opens, confirm the settings from image below:

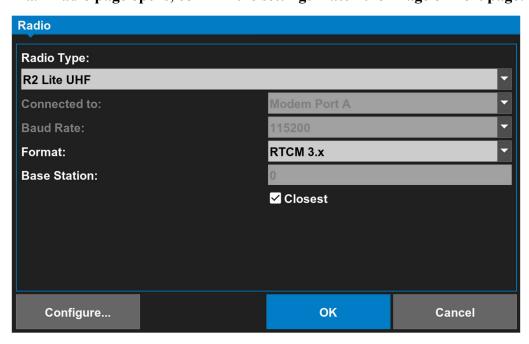


i. Tap "Finish"

- h. On the pop up, "Base started successfully"
 - i. Note: it is key that you see this pop up
 - ii. Tap "OK" see image below

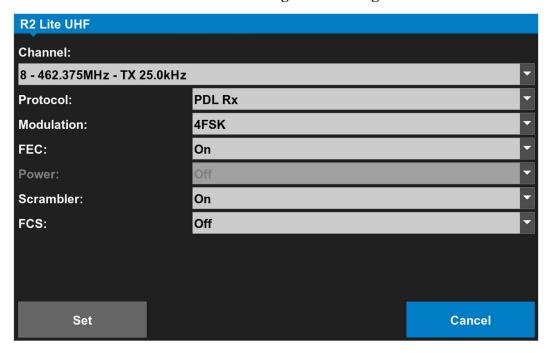


- **4.** Go to "Control" → "Machine Setup"
 - a. Tap on your "Rover" to highlight it in **BLUE** (E.G. HiPER VR for Rover)
 - b. Tap "OK"
- 5. Go to "Control" → "Radios"
 - a. Radio page opens, confirm the settings match the image on next page:



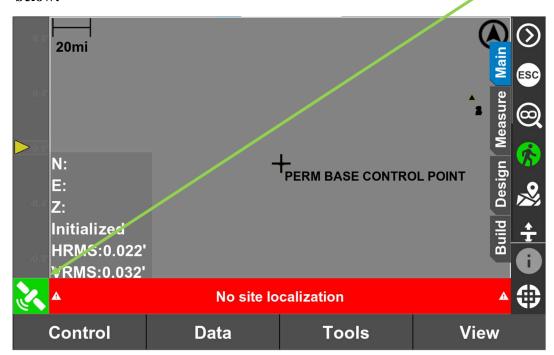
i. Tap "Configure"

- b. R2 Lite UHF page opens:
 - i. MAKE SURE you change the Channel to match the Base by looking at the picture you took earlier.
 - ii. Confirm all other settings on the image below



iii. Tap "Set"

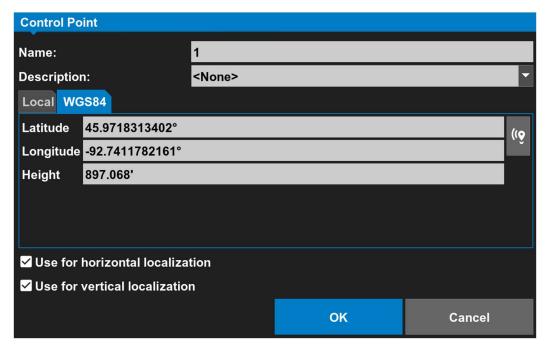
6. Your Rover shall now be receiving corrections from the Base Station. To confirm, make sure the symbol near the bottom left-hand corner of screen is green, see image below:



- 7. If you have not imported or entered the Project Control Points, stop and do this before proceeding
- 8. Go to "Data" → "Control"
 - a. From the list, select the Control Point you want to occupy first
 - b. Tap "Edit"
 - i. Tap "WGS84" Tab
 - ii. In the field, walk to the Control Point location in the field
 - iii. Once found, center the point of the rod on the control Point, level the Rod using the bipods
 - 1. While centered on the Control Point, do not rush, the longer a Rover is stationery and vertically plumb, the more accurate the readings will be
 - 2. Note the general direction you are currently facing and be sure to face that same general direction when occupying the other Control points or always be facing northerly for this process

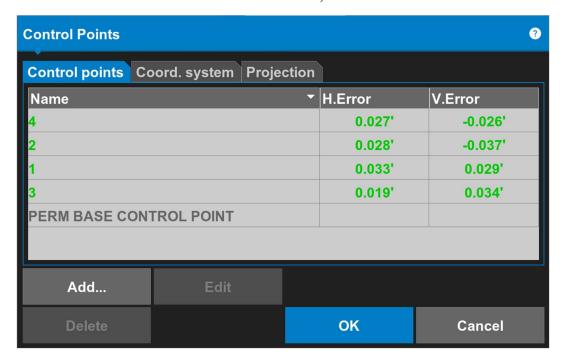
(10

- iv. Tap the button on the right-hand side of Lat & Long
 - 1. The Rover will now start storing info for that Control Point
- v. Check "Use for horizontal localization"
- vi. Check "Use for vertical localization", see image below:



- vii. Tap "OK"
- c. Proceed to your next Control Point by either Stake-out method or by walking & watching your position on the Data Collector screen
 - i. Repeat Step 8 8 b vii for all Control Points

d. Once you have finished occupying and measuring all Control Points, the H. & V. Errors need to be < 0.08, as shown below:



- i. Tap "OK"
- 9. Your project shall now be Localized.
 - a. NOTE: the "PERM BASE CONTROL POINT" may not appear to be in the correct location. Exit Pocket3D and reopen the program. The Control Point should now appear in the correct location

Initial Site Localization with VRS Network

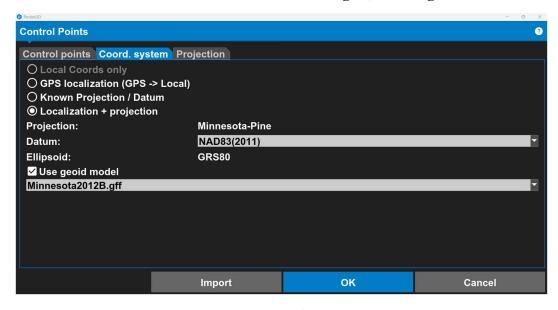
To get started, open Pocket 3D and open the applicable Site or create a new Site (created under "Creating a New Site" section).

- 1. You will need a Machine File created for VRS (see "Machine File Creation for VRS)
- 2. Make sure your data collector is connected to the internet via data plan or hotspot
- 3. If you have linework and/or surfaces, import them into the Active Site
- 4. Research and figure out which County your Site resides in
- 5. Make sure you imported or manually entered the Surveyors Control Points
- 6. Go to "Control" → "Machine Setup"
 - a. Tap on your Rovers VRS Configuration, then Tap "OK"
- 7. Go to "Tools" → "Connect"
 - a. Your Rover should now be connected and the Satellite Image near the

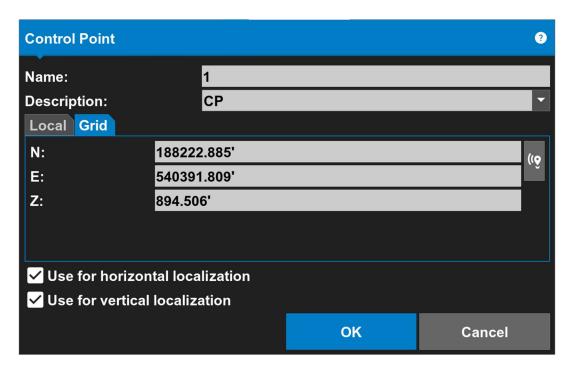
bottom left-hand corner of the screen should be green



- b. If you have not imported or entered the Project Control Points, stop and do this before proceeding
- 8. Go to "Data" → "Control"
 - a. Tap "Projection" Tab near the top of the screen
 - i. Tap on the "+" to the left of USA
 - ii. Tap on the "+" to the left of Minnesota
 - iii. Tap on your Sites County, it will turn Blue
 - b. Tap "Coord. System" Tab near the top of the screen
 - i. Choose "Localization + projection"
 - ii. Datum "NAD83-2011" is a typical setting
 - iii. Check "Use geoid model"
 - 1. Choose "Minnesota2012B.gff", see image below



- c. Tap "Control points" Tab near the top of the screen
 - i. From the list, select the Control Point you want to occupy
 - ii. Tap "Edit"
 - 1. Tap "Grid" Tab
 - 2. Walk to the Control Point's location in the field
 - 3. Once found, center the point of the rod on the control Point, level the Rod using the bipods
 - a. While centered on the Control Point, do not rush to continue. The longer a Rover is stationery and vertically plumb, the more accurate the readings will be
 - b. Note the general direction you are currently facing and be sure to face that same general direction when occupying the other Control points or always be facing northerly for this process
 - 4. Tap on the right-hand side
 - a. The Rover will now start storing information for that Control Point
 - 5. Check "Use for horizontal localization"
 - 6. Check "Use for vertical localization", see image below:



- 7. Tap "OK"
- d. Proceed to your next Control Point by either Stake-out method or by walking & watching your position on the Data Collector screen
 - i. Repeat Steps 8.c.i. 8.c.ii.7 for all Control Points

9. Once you have finished occupying and storing info for all your Control Points, confirm the H.Error and V.Error are Green, which means that they are within Site tolerances, see image below



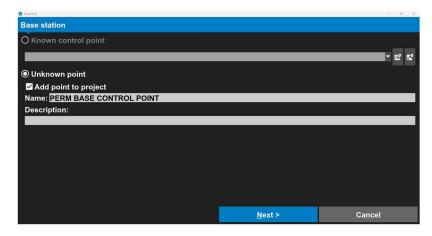
- a. Tap "OK"
- 10. Your Site shall now be Localized.
- 11. If you need a Control Point on a Base Post/Pole for the Base Station, refer to "Measure a Control Point on Base Post/Pole" in this Field Reference Guide.

New Site Localization for Base Station without Survey Control

- 1. Set the Permanent Base Post in the ground
- 2. Screw your "Base Receiver" onto above mentioned Permanent Post and turn it on, see image below

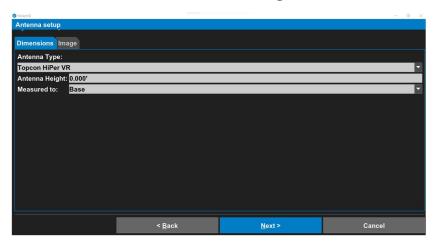


- 3. Go to "Control" → "GPS Base Station"
 - a. Base Station page opens, confirm the settings
 - If Base receiver is on a "Known control point" select that option, then choose or select the control point being occupied, skip to step 3b, OR
 - ii. If Base receiver is on an "Unknown Control point", select that option
 - iii. Select "Add point to project"
 - iv. Type in a name for the new Control Point, see image

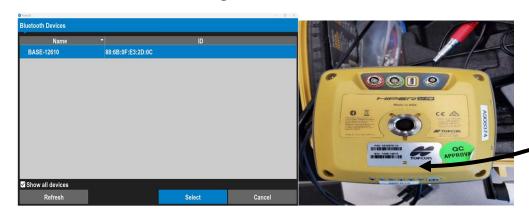


v. Tap "Next"

- b. Antenna Setup page opens,
 - i. Antenna Type Choose your Receiver type
 - ii. Antenna Height 0.000' is for "Unknown Control Point"
 - 1. If you chose "Known control point" on step 3.a.i. above, enter 0.000 or the specific height above the known control point
 - iii. Measured to Base ---- see image below:



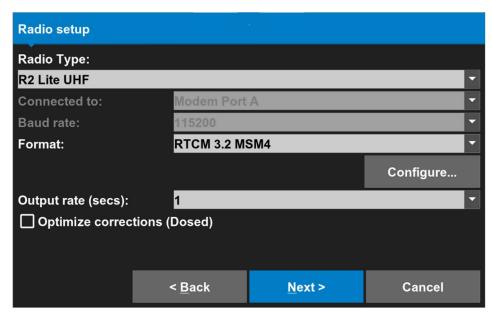
- iv. Tap "Next"
- c. Connection setup page opens:
 - i. Connection Bluetooth
 - ii. Tap "Discover"
 - iii. Bluetooth Devices page opens:
 - 1. Make sure "Show all devices" is checked near the bottom left
 - 2. You must be within Bluetooth range with data collector
 - 3. Your device may appear in the list, "Tap" on your device to make it turn BLUE
 - a. Your device name should be "BASE-last 5 digits of S/N"
 - b. If you Device does not appear, Tap "Refresh"
 - c. Then "Tap" on your device to make it turn BLUE; see images below



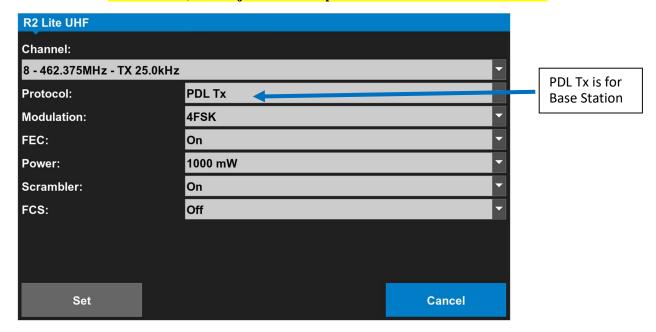
d. Tap "Select"

iv. Connection setup page opens again, Tap "Next"

d. Radio Setup page opens, confirm settings & information from image below:

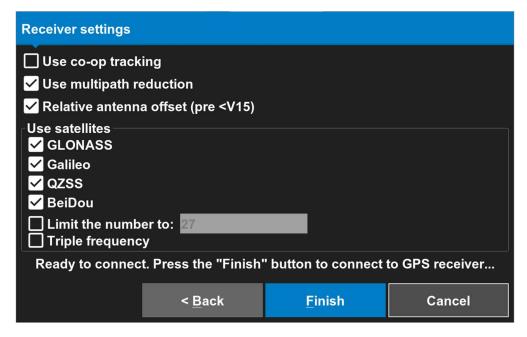


- i. Tap "Configure"
- e. R2 Lite UHF page opens, confirm settings match image below:
 - i. Note: you do not have to use Channel 8 462.375MHz TX25.0kHz, this is just an example of a channel that can be used

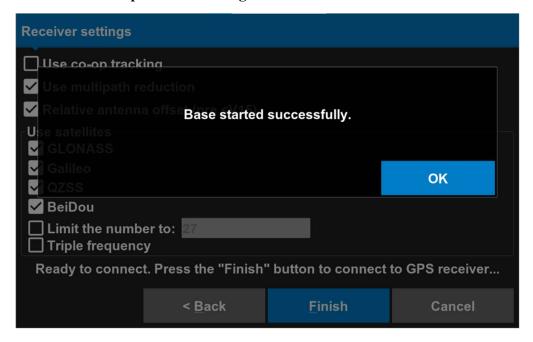


- ii. Take a picture of this screen. This is what "Channel" your Rover and Machines will need to be "Set" to, to receive corrections from the Base
- iii. Tap "Set"

- f. Radio setup page opens, Tap "Next"
- g. Receiver Settings page opens, confirm the settings from image below:



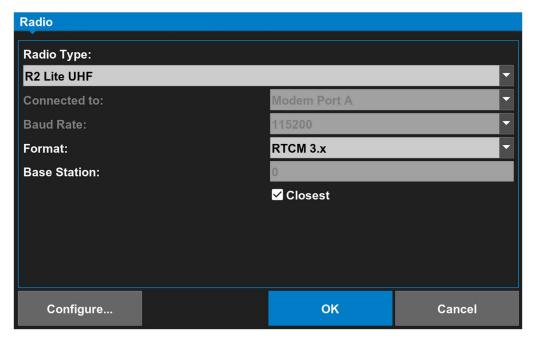
- i. Tap "Finish"
- h. On the pop up, "Base started successfully"
 - i. Note: it is key that you see this pop up
 - ii. Tap "OK" see image below



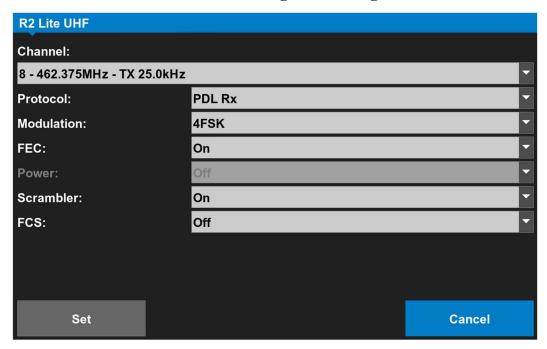
- **4.** Go to "Control" → "Machine Setup"
 - a. Tap on your "Rover" to highlight it in **BLUE** (E.G. HiPER VR for Rover)
 - b. Tap "OK"

5. Go to "Control" → "Radios"

c. Radio page opens, confirm the settings match the image on next page:

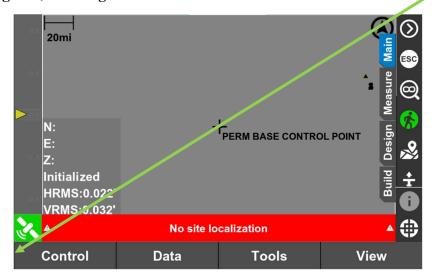


- i. Tap "Configure"
- d. R2 Lite UHF page opens:
 - i. MAKE SURE you change the Channel to match the Base by looking at the picture you took earlier.
 - ii. Confirm all other settings on the image below

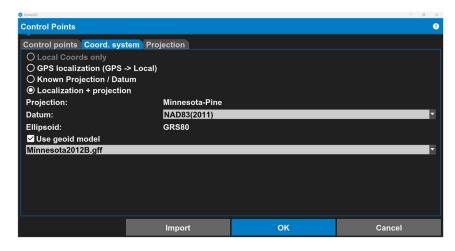


iii. Tap "Set"

a. Your Rover shall now be receiving corrections from the Base Station. To confirm, make sure the symbol near the bottom left-hand corner of screen is green, see image below:



- 6. With the bipods attached and the point on the bottom of your rod, walk to the object that appears both in the field and on your PDF Grading Plans.
- 7. Set the point of the rod centered on the object, level your rod using the bipods.
- 8. Go to "Data" → "Control"
 - a. Tap "Projection" Tab near the top of the screen
 - i. Tap on the "+" to the left of USA
 - ii. Tap on the "+" to the left of Minnesota
 - iii. Tap on your Sites County, it will turn Blue
 - b. Tap "Coord. System" Tab near the top of the screen
 - i. Choose "Localization + projection"
 - ii. Datum "NAD83-2011" is a typical setting
 - iii. Check "Use geoid model"
 - 1. Choose "Minnesota2012B.gff", see image below



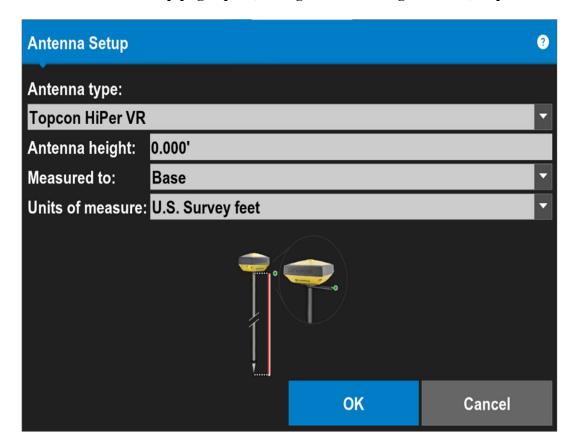
2. Tap "OK"

- 9. Go to "Tools" → "Measure Topo" → "Control Point"
 - a. Control Point page opens, confirm:
 - iv. Name type in a numeric value
 - v. Description leave as <None> or enter a description
 - vi. Double check that you are still centered on the object and that your rod is still level, Tap "Measure"
 - vii. Once the measurement has been taken, Tap "OK"
- 10. Go to "Data" → "Control"
 - a. Control Points page opens, Tap on the "Control points" tab
 - b. Tap to select the Control point you just measured to highlight in Blue
 - c. Tap "Edit"
 - i. Enter the objects' elevation from the Grading plans, Tap "OK"
 - d. Tap "Grid" tab
 - i. Confirm you are still centered on the object and the rod is level
 - ii. Tap on the right-hand
 - 1. The Rover will now start storing information for that Control Point
 - iii. Once completed, Check "Use for horizontal localization" and check "Use for vertical localization"
 - iv. Tap "OK"
 - e. Tap "OK"
- 11. Your site is now Localized, and the elevations are now relative to the Grading Plan elevations.

Measuring a Control Point on a Base Post/Pole

Before continuing, make sure that:

- Your Rover is connected to either a Base Station or the VRS Network.
 - NOTE: You cannot measure a Control Point in VRS IF your Site was Localized with a Base Station
- Open Pocket 3D and be in the correct Site.
- Your Site must be Localized before proceeding.
- 1. Once Localized, we can now set our Perm Base Post in the ground. An ideal spot for the Perm Base Pole is a location that has a clear view of the sky.
 - a. NOTE: If you have a Surface in your Site, set it to be the Active Surface. You can now set the Perm Base Post just outside of the Construction Limits (where you do not have Cut/Fill info), so it will not be impacted by Construction activities.
- 2. After setting the Perm Base pole, Tap "Control" → "Antennas"
 - a. Antenna Setup page opens, change Antenna height to 0.00, Tap "OK"



b. Tap "OK"

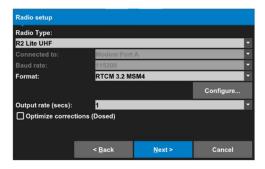
3. Unscrew Rover from Rod and screw it on top of the Perm Base Pole, see image



- **4.** Go to "Tools" → "Measure Topo" → "Control Point"
 - a. Control Point page opens, confirm:
 - i. Name Perm Base Pole (typical name or enter custom name)
 - ii. Description <None> or Tap and enter a custom description
 - iii. Tap "Measure"
 - iv. Once completed, Tap "OK"
- 5. Unscrew Rover from Perm Base pole and screw it back onto your Rod.
- 6. Go to "Control" → "Antennas"
 - a. "Antenna Setup" page opens, change Antenna height to 6.562, Tap "OK"
 - b. Tap "OK"
- 7. Refer to "Programming a Base Station to a Control Point"

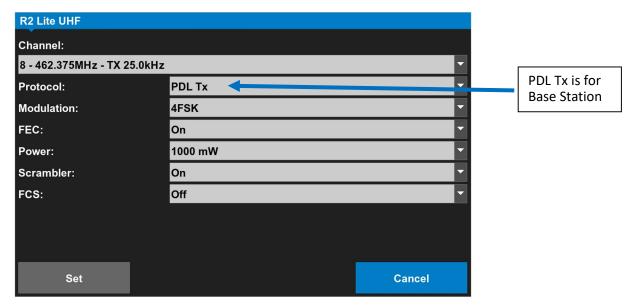
Programming a Base Station to a Control Point

- 1. Before continuing, make sure you have successfully:
 - a. Measured a Control point for the Perm Base post/pole in Data Collector
 - b. Screw your Base Station onto the Base post/pole
 - c. Have your Base Station powered on
 - d. Data Collector powered on, Pocket3D open and in the correct Site
 - e. Be within Bluetooth range of Base Station with Data Collector
- 2. Go To "Control" → "GPS Base Station"
 - a. Base station page opens:
 - i. Check "Known control point"
 - ii. Tap
 - 1. Point selection page opens, Tap to highlight in Blue the Control Point for the Base post/pole (typically named Perm Base Post), Tap "OK"
 - iii. Tap "Next"
 - b. Antenna setup page opens, confirm;
 - i. Antenna type choose your antenna type
 - ii. Antenna height 0.000 (typical for Base) Tap "OK"
 - iii. Measured to Base
 - iv. Tap "Next"
 - c. Connection setup page opens, confirm;
 - i. Connection type Bluetooth
 - 1. NOTE: Before continuing, make sure you are in Bluetooth range of the Base Station
 - ii. Tap "Discover"
 - 1. Bluetooth Devices page open, Tap on your Device
 - 2. Tap "Select"
 - iii. Tap "Next"
 - d. Radio setup page opens, confirm settings on the image below

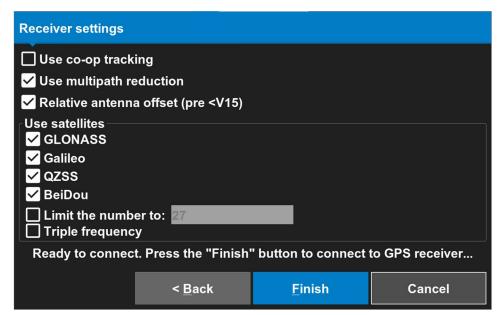


i. Tap "Configure"

- e. R2 Lite UHF page opens, confirm settings match image below:
 - i. Note: you do not have to use Channel 8 462.375MHz TX25.0kHz, this is just an example of a channel that can be used

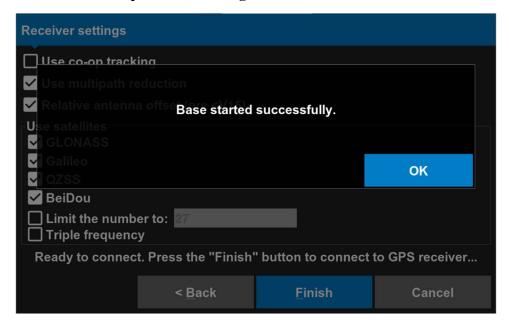


- ii. Take a picture of this screen. This is what "Channel" your Rover and Machines will need to be "Set" to, to receive corrections from the Base
- iii. Tap "Set"
- f. Radio setup page opens, Tap "Next"
- g. Receiver Settings page opens, confirm the settings from image below:

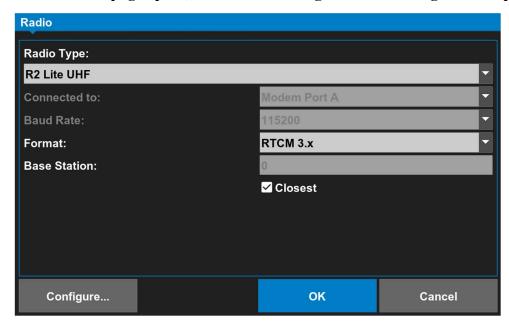


- i. Tap "Finish"
- h. On the pop up, "Base started successfully"

- i. Note: it is key that you see this pop up
- ii. Tap "OK" see image below

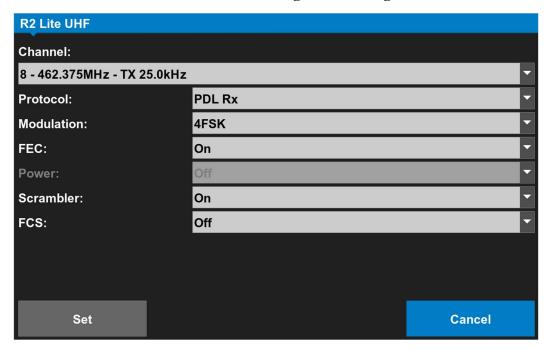


- 3. Go to "Control" → "Machine Setup"
 - a. Tap on your "Rover" to highlight it in **BLUE** (E.G. HiPER VR for Rover)
 - b. Tap "OK"
- 4. Go to "Control" → "Radios"
 - a. Radio page opens, confirm the settings match the image on next page:



- i. Tap "Configure"
- b. R2 Lite UHF page opens:

- i. MAKE SURE you change the Channel to match the Base by looking at the picture you took earlier.
- ii. Confirm all other settings on the image below



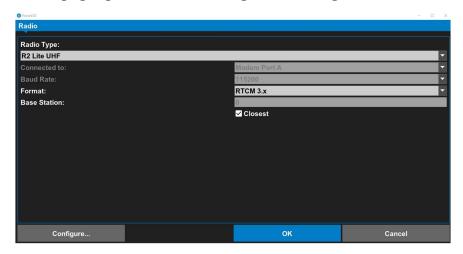
iii. Tap "Set"

- c. Tap "OK"
- 5. Your Rover shall now be receiving corrections from the Base Station. To confirm, make sure the symbol near the bottom left-hand corner of screen is green

Connecting Rover to a Preprogramed Base Station

Before continuing, make sure you know what Channel the Base Station is sending corrections out on. Make sure you are also in the current Project before connecting.

- 1. Go to "Control" → "Machine Setup"
 - a. Tap on your Rover Configuration, Tap "OK"
- 2. Go to "Control" → "Radios"
 - a. Radio page opens, confirm settings match image below.

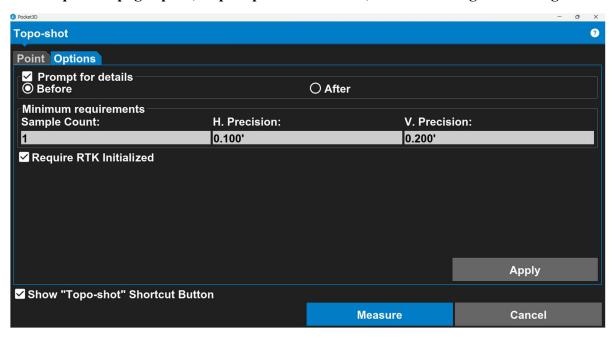


- b. Tap "Configure"
- c. R2 Lite UHF page opens:
 - i. Change the Channel to match the Base Station that you are trying to connect to
 - ii. After confirming all settings, Tap "Set"
- d. Radio page opens, Tap "OK"
- e. Your Rover should now be connected to the Base Station.

Field Topo & Cut/Fill Volumes from Design Surface

Before starting, ensure that you are in the correct project and connected to Base and Rover (as done in previous sections) and that your Project contains an FG or SG Design to measure against for Cut/Fill volumes.

- 1. Go to "Tools" → "Measure Topo" → "Topo-shot"
- 2. Topo-shot page opens, Tap "Options" Tab first, confirm settings from image below:



- 3. Tap "Point" tab, confirm:
 - a. Pt Number enter a starting point number or accept the default
 - b. Description enter a description of the point or accept the default <None>
 - c. Layer hit the drop-down arrow to the far right to change layers or create a new layer.
 - i. NOTE Creating new layers, named uniquely to the task being performed with today's date, saves future confusion
 - d. Pole Height 6.562 or enter a different rod height
 - e. Measured to Base
 - f. Level up the rod and Tap "Measure" to store a point
 - g. If you want to display grid lines on your Data Collector screen
 - i. Tap "View" → "Grid Lines"
 - ii. Grid Lines page opens, for 50' x 50' grid, confirm:
 - 1. Check Display Grid lines
 - 2. Grid Interval 50
 - 3. Grid Interval (Crossfall) 50
 - 4. Orientation 0° 00' 00.0" is default (True North)
 - 5. Tap "OK"

- h. Continue storing points until all shots have been recorded for area.
 - When storing shots for Outer Boundaries and Site Topo's, make sure to account for the high and low points, angles and corners for best accuracies.
- i. Note: Before continuing, if your Surface will have points from multiple layers, start here:
 - 1. Turn on only layers that contain the points wanted for Surface creation
 - 2. From the Main Screen, choose the crosshair symbol

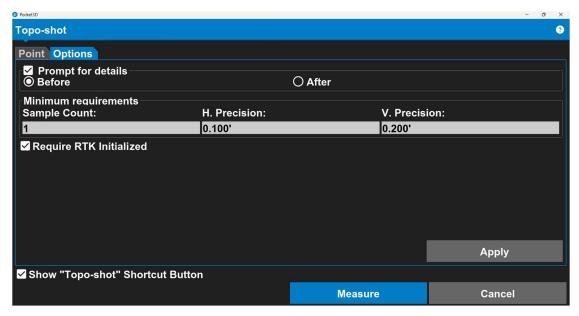


- 3. Zoom out to Select all points on screen
- j. Go to "Data" → "Surfaces"
 - Tap "New" i.
 - ii. Create Surface page opens, confirm:
 - 1. Name Name it specifically to the task and the date
 - 2. Surface Type TIN surface from pts & lines
 - 3. Tap "Next"
 - iii. **Create Surface > Tin page opens, confirm:**
 - 1. Check "Use selected points/lines" if you did Step i above
 - 2. Check "Use points from layer" (most common)
 - 3. Select the layer that contains your points/lines by using the drop-down arrow to the right-hand side.
 - 4. Total points in layer will display how many points are used
 - 5. Tap "Next"
 - Create Surface > Tin page opens, displaying a map view of surface iv.
 - Tap "Finish" v.
 - A pop-up asks if you want to Set the surface you just created as the vi. Active Surface; Tap "Yes" to set as the Active Surface or "No" if vou don't want it as the Active Surface
 - vii. Surfaces page opens, Tap "Close"
- k. Go to "Data" → "Calc Wizard"
- Tap on "Compare two surfaces"
- m. Tap "Calculate"
 - **Choose a Design Surface (FG or SG Surface)** i.
 - ii. **Choose an Existing Surface (the Surface you just created)**
 - Tap "Next" iii.
 - iv. Tap "Report" to see the volumes between the 2 Surfaces
 - 1. Take a picture of the Volume to Text/Email
 - 2. Tap "Close"
 - Tap "Finish" v.
 - 1. Note: If you selected points in Step h-ii above, go to "Data" \rightarrow "Clear Selection"

Stockpile Topo & Field Volumes

Before starting, ensure that you are in the correct Site and connected to Base and Rover (as done in previous sections)

- 1. Go to "Tools" → "Measure Topo" → "Topo-shot"
- 2. Topo-shot page opens, Tap "Options" Tab first, confirm settings from image below:



- 3. Tap "Point" tab, confirm:
 - a. Pt Number enter a starting point number or accept the default
 - b. Description enter a description of the point or accept the default <None>
 - c. Layer hit the drop-down arrow on the far right and Tap "<New Layer>"
 - i. Layer page opens, confirm
 - 1. Name Stockpile Base-todays date (new layers that are named uniquely to the task being performed with today's date, saves future confusion)
 - 2. Color you can change it or accept the default color
 - 3. Symbol you can change the point symbol or accept the default symbol
 - 4. Check show point names
 - 5. Check show point descriptions
 - 6. Check show point elevations
 - 7. Tap "OK"
 - d. Pole Height 6.562 or enter a different rod height
 - e. Measured to Base
 - f. Level up the rod and Tap "Measure" to store point at your current location
- 4. Continue topo-ing around the base of the stockpile, measuring points at high or low points and horizontal angle points.

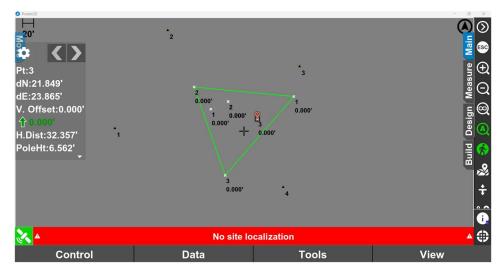
- 5. Once the base of the stockpile is measured, build the stockpile base surface before topo-ing the rest of the stockpile
- 6. Go to "Data" → "Surfaces"
 - a. Surfaces page opens, Tap "New"
 - i. At the Top, name the surface the same as the layer you created
 - ii. Surface Type TIN surface from pts & lines
 - iii. Tap "Next"
 - b. Create Surface > Tin page opens, confirm
 - i. Check use points from layer
 - ii. Use the drop-down arrow on the far right and select the layer you created earlier
 - iii. Tap "Next"
 - iv. The next page displays a map of the TIN lines for the surface
 - v. Tap "Finish"
 - vi. A pop up appears asking if you want to set the new surface as the active surface; Tap "Yes" or "No" if you do not want it active.
 - vii. Surfaces page opens, Tap "Close"
- 7. Go to "Tools" → "Measure topo" → "Topo-shot", confirm:
 - a. Pt number enter a specific starting point number or accept the default
 - b. Description enter a specific description or accept the default <None>
 - c. Layer hit the drop-down arrow on the far right and Tap "<New Layer>"
 - i. Layer page opens, confirm
 - 1. Name Stockpile-todays date (new layers that are named uniquely to the task being performed with today's date, saves future confusion)
 - 2. Color you can change it or accept the default color
 - 3. Symbol you can change the point symbol or accept the default symbol
 - 4. Check show point names
 - 5. Check show point descriptions
 - 6. Check show point elevations
 - 7. Tap "OK"
 - d. Pole Height 6.562
 - e. Measure to Base
 - f. Go to first point you want to measure, level up the rod, Tap "Measure"
 - g. Commence topo-ing the Stockpile by measuring points at high and low points
 - h. When you finish, make sure stockpile base & stockpile layers are on
 - i. Go to "Data" → "Layers"
 - ii. Check "Show" for those 2 layers
 - iii. Tap "Close"
- 8. Make sure "crosshair" is the current selection
 - a. Select all points from stockpile base & stockpile

- 9. Go to "Data" → "Surfaces"
 - a. Surfaces page opens, Tap "New"
 - i. At the Top, name the surface the same as the layer you created
 - ii. Surface Type TIN surface from pts & lines
 - iii. Tap "Next"
 - b. Create Surface > Tin page opens, confirm
 - i. Check use selected points
 - ii. Tap "Next"
 - iii. The next page displays a map of the TIN lines for the surface
 - iv. Tap "Finish"
 - v. A pop up appears asking if you want to set the new surface as the active surface; Tap "Yes" or "No" if you do not want it active.
 - c. Surfaces page opens, Tap "Close"
- 10. Go to "Data" → "Calc Wizard"
 - a. Calculation types page opens
 - i. Tap "Compare two surfaces" to highlight it
 - ii. Tap "Calculate"
 - b. Compare two surfaces pages opens, confirm these settings:
 - i. Design Surface select Stockpile using the drop-arrow to the right
 - ii. Existing Surface Stockpile Base using the drop-arrow to the right
 - iii. Tap "Next"
 - vi. Tap "Report" to see the volumes between the 2 Surfaces
 - 1. Take a picture of the volumes to email/text to Foreperson or Superintendent
 - 2. Tap "Close"
 - iv. Tap "Finish"
 - v. Go to "Data" → "Clear Selection"

Staking Point(s)

Before starting, ensure that you are in the correct project and connected to Rover and/or (as done in previous sections)

- 1. Before starting, make sure the layer is on that contains the point(s) to be staked
 - a. If you are not sure which layer the point(s) are on, go to:
 - i. "Data" → "Points"
 - ii. Points page opens, under layers, choose "<All Layers>"
 - iii. On the list below, find what layer the points to be staked are on
 - iv. Tap "Close"
 - v. Go to "Data" → "Layers" and turn the correct layers on
- 2. To select a point(s):
 - a. Click the "selection tool" in the bottom right-hand corner until the "crosshair" is selected:
 - b. Click and drag to create a box that encompasses desired point(s)
 - c. Go to "Data" → "Stake-out" → "Custom Point list"
 - d. Tap "OK"
 - e. On the Main Screen, on the middle left-hand side, it displays the stakeout information:
 - i. Pt: which point is currently selected
 - ii. dN (delta Northing) distance required to move North (positive; 263.855') or South (negative; -263.855')
 - iii. dE (delta Easting) distance required to move East (positive; 416.079') or West (negative; -416.079')
 - iv. Up or down arrow Up arrow and number represents Fill; down arrow and number represents Cut, see image below:



- 3. When finished staking, go to "Tools" \rightarrow "Stake-out" \rightarrow "Stop stake-out"
- 4. Then go to "Data" \rightarrow "Clear selection"

Staking a Line or Line Between 2 Points

Before starting, ensure that you are in the correct project and connected to Base and Rover (as done in previous sections)

- 1. You can either have:
 - a. 2 points already stored, OR
 - b. Line from Design (skip to Step 3 below)
- 2. To Stake a line between 2 stored points, Go to "Data" → "Lineworks"
 - a. Lineworks page opens, make sure "<All Layers>" are being shown near the
 - b. Tap "New"
 - c. Create new polyline page opens, confirm these settings:
 - Layer using the arrow on the far right, choose the layer you want the new polyline to be stored on or create a <NEW LAYER> and name it accordingly
 - Start Point there are 3 options to choose from ii.
 - 1. Elet's you choose an already stored point from a List
 - let's you store a new topo point. NOTE: before pressing, make sure your Rover Rod is level, as it stores a new point at your current location.
 - let's you choose an already stored point from a map view
 - End point there are 3 options to choose from iii.
 - let's you choose an already stored point from a List
 - let's you store a new topo point. NOTE: before pressing, make sure your Rover Rod is level, as it stores a new point at vour current location.
 - let's you choose an already stored point from a map view
 - After you have selected or stored new points, Tap "OK" to create a iv. new polyline between the points.
 - d. Lineworks page opens,
 - i. Confirms the Layer the line will be created on,
 - 1. To "Edit" the layer, Tap the selection to highlight in Blue, then Tap "Edit"
 - ii. If information is correct, Tap "Close"

- 3. Select the "crosshair" option, then Tap on the Design line or the line you just created.
 - a. The arrow indicates which direction the station values are increasing; Left of the line is negative offset and right of the line is Positive offset.
- 4. Go to "Tools" → "Stake-out" → "Polyline"
 - a. Polyline Stake-out page opens, confirm these settings:
 - i. Tap the "Stationing" Tab near the Top, confirm:
 - 1. Mode Running Station (most common option)
 - 2. Offset from polyline -0.00' (most common option)
 - a. Choosing a Offset from polyline would be an option if wanting to stake Curb and Gutter lines with a Horizontal offset.
 - ii. Tap the "Elevation" Tab, confirm:
 - 1. Cut / Fill Polyline (most common option)
 - 2. V. Offset -0.00 (most common setting)
 - a. Choosing a V. Offset, could allow you to stake a above (+) or below (-)
 - b. Tap "OK"
 - iii. The software will either:
 - 1. Automatically straight grade between the 2 different point elevations or line elevations, OR
 - 2. If the line has one elevation, it will give Cuts/Fills relative to the Design elevation
 - b. When finished, Tap "Tools" \rightarrow "Stake-out" \rightarrow "Stop Stake-out"
 - c. Tap "Data" → "Clear Selections"

Staking a Line with Horizontal and/or Vertical Offsets

Before starting, ensure that you are in the correct project and connected to Base and Rover (as done in previous sections)

- 1. You can either have:
 - a. 2 points already stored, OR
 - b. Line from Design (skip to Step 3 below)
- 2. To Stake a line between 2 stored points, Go to "Data" → "Lineworks"
 - a. Lineworks page opens, make sure "<All Layers>" is being shown near the top
 - b. Tap "New"
 - c. Create new polyline page opens, confirm these settings:
 - i. Layer using the arrow on the far right, choose the layer you want the new polyline to be stored on or create a <NEW LAYER> and name it accordingly
 - ii. Start Point there are 3 options to choose from
 - 1. Elet's you choose an already stored point from a List
 - 2. let's you store a new topo point. NOTE: before pressing, make sure your Rover Rod is level, as it stores a new point at your current location
 - 3. let's you choose an already stored point from a map view
 - iii. End point there are 3 options to choose from
 - 1. Elet's you choose an already stored point from a List
 - 2. let's you store a new topo point. NOTE: before pressing, make sure your Rover Rod is level, as it stores a new point at your current location.
 - 3. let's you choose an already stored point from a map view
 - iv. After you have selected or stored new points, Tap "OK" to create a new polyline between the points.
 - d. Lineworks page opens:
 - a. Confirms the Layer the line will be created on
 - i. To "Edit" the layer, Tap the selection to highlight in Blue, then Tap "Edit"
 - b. If information is correct, Tap "Close"

- 3. Select the "crosshair" option near the bottom right-hand corner of screen, then Tap on the Design line or the line you just created.
 - a. NOTE the direction that the arrow is pointing. It indicates which direction the station values are increasing; Left of the line is negative offset and right of the line is Positive offset.
- 4. Go to "Tools" → "Stake-out" → "Polyline"
 - a. Polyline Stake-out page opens, confirm these settings:
 - i. Tap the "Stationing" Tab near the Top, confirm:
 - 1. Mode Running Station (most common option)
 - 2. Offset from polyline enter offset distance
 - a. Negative (-) means left of line
 - b. Positive (+) means right of line
 - ii. Tap the "Elevation" Tab near the Top, confirm:
 - 1. Cut / Fill Choose either:
 - a. Polyline Gives cut/fill relative to the selected polyline
 - b. Surface Gives cut/fill info relative to Active Surface
 - 2. V. Offset enter a distance
 - a. Choosing a V. Offset, could allow you to stake above (+) or below (-) a line elevation or surface
 - 3. Tap "OK"
 - b. The software will either:
 - i. If you entered an offset from polyline, the software creates a new line and your offset is relative to the new line
 - ii. Automatically straight grade between the 2 different point elevations or line elevations OR, if the line has one elevation or Surface option chosen, it will give Cuts/Fills relative to the Design elevation
 - iii. The Start of the line will be T.Sta:0+00.00 by default.
 - c. When finished, Tap "Tools" → "Stake-out" → "Stop Stake-out"
 - d. Tap "Data" → "Clear Selections"

Setting or Changing the Active Surface

The set and/or change the Active Surface in a Site, go to:

- 1. "Data" → "Surface" → "Surfaces"
- 2. Tap a Surface to highlight in Blue, then Tap "Active"
 - a. Once set, the Active Surface will show this symbol on the far left lets you know which Surface is currently the Active one.
 - i. NOTE: If you have multiple Surfaces, you can also "uncheck" the "Show" option for the Non-Active Surfaces to declutter the Main Screen.
- 3. Once set, Tap "Close"

Grading or Staking the Active Surface - Surface Check

Once you have set the Active Surface, you can now grade that Surface or give Cut/Fill stakes to that Surface. To do so, go to:

- 1. "Tools" \rightarrow "Stake-out" \rightarrow "Surface check"
- 2. When within the Active Design grading limits, the software will give Cut or Fill information to the Active surface elevations.
- 3. To enter a Vertical Offset, above or below the Active Surface, go to:
 - a. "Tools" \rightarrow "Stake-out" \rightarrow "V. Surf. Offset (0.000')
 - b. On the pop-up, enter the offset.
 - i. Remember, negative (-) value is below the Active Surface, and a positive (+) value is above the Active Surface
 - c. Tap "OK"
- 4. Once you have finished Surface checking, go to:
 - a. "Tools" \rightarrow "Stake-out" \rightarrow "V. Surf. offset"
 - b. Change the value back to 0.00, then Tap "OK"
 - i. If you do not complete this step, the software will remember the current value. The next time you do Surface check and forget to check the value; it could lead to future mistakes.
 - c. "Tools" → "Stake-out" → "Stop stake-out"

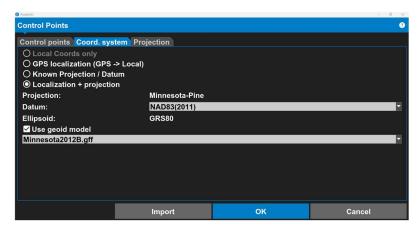
Working Surface & Alignment Settings

To edit display options for TIN, Plane, alignments, or Section, go to:

- 1. "View" → "Display Options" → "Working Surface & Alignment"
- 2. Working Surface Display Settings page opens; here are options for each Tab
 - a. Tin Tab, check or uncheck the boxes to:
 - i. To show the Surface triangle mesh
 - 1. You can also change the color on the far right
 - ii. To show the Surface boundaries/breaklines
 - 1. Check this option when trying to identify a Surface error
 - 2. You can also change the color on the far right
 - iii. To show contours at interval (typically always checked)
 - 1. A contour interval of 1 is very common
 - 2. If the surface doesn't have much elevation change, try 0.5 interval
 - 3. You can also change the color on the far right
 - b. Plane Tab
 - i. Check or uncheck to show grid lines
 - c. Alignment Tab
 - i. Check and uncheck the options you want to appear
 - ii. Can also change the color for each option
 - d. Section Tab
 - i. Check and uncheck the options you want to appear
 - ii. Can also change the color for each option
- 3. When finished, Tap "OK"

New VRS Project from Grading Plan Elevation

- 1. Start by "Creating a New Site" from earlier in the reference guide
- 2. Research which County your Project resides in
- 3. If there are not any Surveyor Control Points, look closely at your PDF Grading plans. Look for existing objects that show up on the Plans and in the field. Preferably with an Elevation associated with said object. Examples would be:
 - a. More precise options:
 - i. Top Back Curb at a corner
 - ii. Concrete sidewalk corner or intersections
 - b. Less precise options:
 - i. Manholes
- 4. Connect to your Rover via VRS connection.
 - a. Go to "Control" → "Machine Setup"
 - b. Tap to highlight your VRS setup, then Tap "OK"
 - c. Go to "Tools" → "Connect"
- 5. With the bipods attached and the point on the bottom of your rod, walk to the object that appears both in the field and on your PDF Grading Plans.
- 6. Set the point of the rod centered on the object, level your rod using the bipods.
- 7. Go to "Data" → "Control"
 - a. Tap "Projection" Tab near the top of the screen
 - i. Tap on the "+" to the left of USA
 - ii. Tap on the "+" to the left of Minnesota
 - iii. Tap on your Sites County, it will turn Blue
 - b. Tap "Coord. System" Tab near the top of the screen
 - i. Choose "Localization + projection"
 - ii. Datum "NAD83-2011" is a typical setting
 - iii. Check "Use geoid model"
 - 1. Choose "Minnesota2012B.gff", see image below



2. Tap "OK"

- 8. Go to "Tools" → "Measure Topo" → "Control Point"
 - a. Control Point page opens, confirm:
 - i. Name type in a numeric value
 - ii. Description leave as <None> or enter a description
 - iii. Double check that you are still centered on the object and that your rod is still level, Tap "Measure"
 - iv. Once the measurement has been taken, Tap "OK"
- 9. Go to "Data" → "Control"
 - a. Control Points page opens, Tap on the "Control points" tab
 - b. Tap to select the Control point you just measured to highlight in Blue
 - c. Tap "Edit"
 - i. Enter the objects' elevation from the Grading plans, Tap "OK"
 - d. Tap "Grid" tab
 - i. Confirm you are still centered on the object and the rod is level
 - ii. Tap on the right-hand
 - 1. The Rover will now start storing information for that Control Point
 - iii. Once completed, Check "Use for horizontal localization" and check "Use for vertical localization"
 - iv. Tap "OK"
 - e. Tap "OK"
- 10. Your site is now Localized, and the elevations are now relative to the Grading Plan elevations.